**10 proposals for further deepening reform**

1. **Adhering to the basic line for the primary stage of socialism to take a right direction for the national development and comprehensively deepening reform campaign**

**II. Shifting the supply-side structural reform from tackling symptoms to addressing the roots to achieve rebalance in the national economy in the medium-to-long term**

1. Reforming the government achievement appraisal system and removing the GDP-based performance appraisal

2. Adhering to the sound monetary policy and continuing the basic orientation of reinstating the monetary policy to the state of neutrality

3. Adjusting the structure of fiscal expenditure and gradually establishing a modern fiscal system

4. Accelerating adjustment to the distribution and structure of state-owned economy to alleviate the long-term imbalance of the country’s economic structure

5. Accelerating the reform of land systems to optimize the allocation of land resources and improve the structure of income distribution

**III. Making breakthroughs in the mixed-ownership reform to systematically advance the three-in-one reform of the mechanism, structure and monopoly of state-owned enterprises and capital**

1. Deepening the property rights reform by establishing a mixed ownership system to effect real changes in the systems and mechanisms of state-owned enterprises

2. Stepping up the efforts to adjust the deployment of state-owned economy by resorting to the development of a mixed ownership system as an important means to adjust the distribution and optimize the structure of state-owned economy

3. Using the mixed ownership system reform as an important means to break industry monopoly and improve the basic systems of the socialist market economy

**IV. Comprehensively reviewing the existing fiscal and tax systems, with an emphasis on easing regulation, achieving fairness; Accelerating the development of basic fiscal and tax systems**

1. Sharply reducing and exempting taxes and charges for enterprises and the people to lighten the tax burden on enterprises and increasing the real income of the people

2. Following the orientation of fairness and sharing and using tax as a leverage to adjust income gap and achieve fair tax burden

3. Enacting fiscal reform measures to restructure the fiscal relationship between the central and local governments and promote relatively balanced and sustainable development between regions

**V. Accelerating reform and liberalization in financial sector through controlling and eliminating major ’points of risks’ to mitigate systemic financial risks**

1. Removing and controlling the major “points of risk” in the financial system to create a relatively stable environment for the financial system to reform and open up further

2. Accelerating the process of opening-up for the financial sector to create a situation where opening-up drives and promote reform

3. Accelerating the shift from virtual economy to real economy in the financial sector to contain the self-circulation of funds in the financial system and over speculation on the capital, securities and real estate markets

4. Stepping up the removal of severe historical debts in some regions

**VI. Boosting confidence in the judicial reform and taking substantive steps forward in creating a society ruled by law**

1. Striving to achieve justice in individual cases and shift to the judicial reform centered on the users of the legal system

2. Promoting social participation in the judicial reform, creating effective channels for the public to participate and achieving the legitimacy of the reform process

3. Securing the basic rights and interest of the vulnerable groups in judicial reform and ensuring the fairness of reform

4. Enhancing accountability of the local governments in the judicial reform to ensure that reform measures are put in place in earnest

**VII. Further liberating the mind to allow for new breakthroughs in land reform and promote a second wave of emancipation of productive forces in rural areas**

1. Expanding the size of the land used for rural collective operations by adjusting land planning

2. Deepening and making breakthroughs in the rural residential land reform

3. Thoroughly reforming the land appropriation system to achieve exchanges of urban-rural factors of production on an equal footing and create an integrated urban-rural land market where price is determined by market

4. Deepening reform of the land planning and management system

**VIII. Making the accessibility of primary education and basic health care the key part of social sector reform, in order to enhance people’s sense of national identity**

**IX. Creating a market environment for fair competition and achieving new breakthroughs in cultural institutional reform**

1. Introducing social resources to develop private cultural enterprises and promote orderly completion and prosperous development of the media industry

2. Easing restrictions on private enterprises’ access to the cyber and cultural industry

3. Expanding the opening-up of the cultural market to foreign investors

**X. Adhering to the market-driven economy and making good use of market mechanisms to achieve institutional innovations in the ecological civilization development**

1. Establishing a relatively sound property rights system for natural resources in China

2. Establishing a pricing system for natural resources as assets to make full use of the price leverage and give play to market in exercising the decisive role in allocating natural resources

3. Establishing pollutant discharge and emission rights trading markets and creating market mechanisms in favor of pollution treatment and rational use of resources

4. Establishing ecological restoration market mechanisms led by government investment and partaken by social capital